



Aetiology of ACTH deficiency (secondary adrenal insufficiency)

- Exogenous steroid
- Pituitary tumor
- Pituitary surgery
- Pituitary apoplexy
- Hemochromatosis
- Hypophysitis

Signs and symptoms of adrenal insufficiency

Fatigue
Loss of energy
Reduced strength
Muscle pain
Nausea
Weight loss (> 3 kg)
(Hyperpigmentation)
Fasting glucose < 3.3 mmol/l, hypoglycaemic symptoms
Decreased serum sodium or increased serum potassium
Blood pressure (sitting):
Systolic < 100 mmHg
Diastolic < 60 mmHg

Arb W, et al. Clin Endocrinol (Oxf) 2008;64:364-369

Tapering of Steroids : why?

- Rebound of disease
- Steroid dependence (GC withdrawal syndrome)
- Adrenal insufficiency

Nebenniere Insuffizienz

Cortisol nü 8h
 <100 nM diagnostisch
 >500 nM Ausschluss (cave Stress)

STIMULATION TESTS:

- Insulin tolerance test :
- Reference standard, not used in routine
- Short ACTH test
- 250 ug : most common
- 1ug : improved sensitivity for secondary adrenal insufficiency

TERMINATING GLUCOCORTICOID TREATMENT :

- If adrenal insufficiency suspected or biochemically proven:
- Instruct patients about stress prophylaxis

Increased risk of AEs associated with GC use

- Even at low dosages, GC use in RA is associated with an increased risk of fractures in a cumulative dose- and time-dependent manner
- GC use associated with increased risk of MI and dose-dependent all-cause and CV mortality

Tiefes TSH: DD

- (Sekundäre Hypothyreose !)
- Subklinische Hyperthyreose
- Euthyroid sick syndrom
- Exogenes T4
- Physiologisch tiefes TSH Ende 1stTrimester SS
- Veränderter Set Point der Hypothalamo-Hypophysen-Schilddrüsen-Achse im Alter

